



Section 2: Why go online?

In this section:

- Find out how **getting online** can **help** you.
- What to think about **before you go online**.



How going online can help you

Going online can keep you informed.

Keep up-to-date with the **news**.

Keep up-to-date with **sport, music** and other **interests**.

Read **health information**.

Renew your **prescription** with your GP practice.

Going online can help you stay in touch

Share your **experiences** and hear other people's stories.

Keep in contact with **family and friends**.

Share pictures on **social media**.

Connect with other people with **aphasia**.





Going online can help you communicate.

There are apps to **support communication**.

There are **therapy apps** to practise **activities** like reading and writing.

There are apps to help you **practise** your **communication skills**.

Going online helps you gain independence.

Learn **new skills** with online training.

Shop online and have it delivered to your home.

Use online banking to pay your bills.

Set an online **calendar** to remember important events.

Use an online map to **travel** somewhere new.

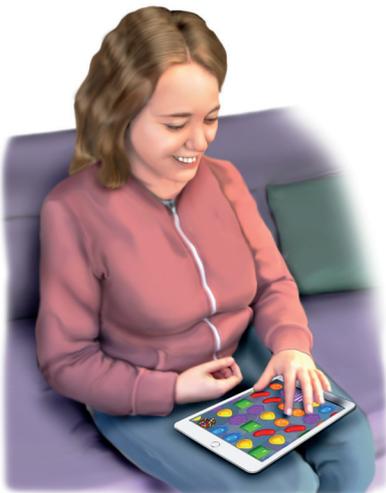


Go online for fun.

Watch interesting or funny **videos**.

Play online **games**.

Video call a friend, or have a group chat.





What to think about before getting online

Here are **three questions** you can ask yourself.

1. What am I **interested** in?

Think about what you might want to **do online**.

2. What do I need to **get started**?

A device or computer

You might have a **computer, smart phone** or **tablet** at home.

Local libraries have computers you can use for free.

A connection to the internet.

You can use **mobile data** on your phone or tablet.

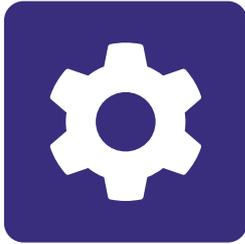
You can use **broadband** through a cable or wifi.

Wifi works with most computers and devices.

Many **public areas** and shops offer **free wifi**.

You might have a **family member** or friend who can offer **support**.





3. Will I need **adjustments**?

You can adjust your **device to make it easier to use**.

For example, if you are sensitive to light, you can **change the colours** on the screen.

If you find reading hard, you can use a **text-to-speech** reader. This will **read aloud** the text on the screen.

The **AbilityNet** website has information about how to **add a text-to-speech reader** to your device.

www.abilitynet.org.uk.